367.40293X00

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant(s):

S. ARNOLD

Serial No.:

Not assigned

.Filed:

June 29, 2001

Title:

IMPROVED DATA INPUT

Group:

Not assigned

LETTER CLAIMING RIGHT OF PRIORITY

Honorable Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231 June 29, 2001

Sir:

Under the provisions of 35 USC 119 and 37 CFR 1.55, the applicant(s) hereby claim(s) the right of priority based on Great Britain Patent Application No.(s) 0016066.3 filed June 30, 2000.

A certified copy of said Great Britain Application is attached.

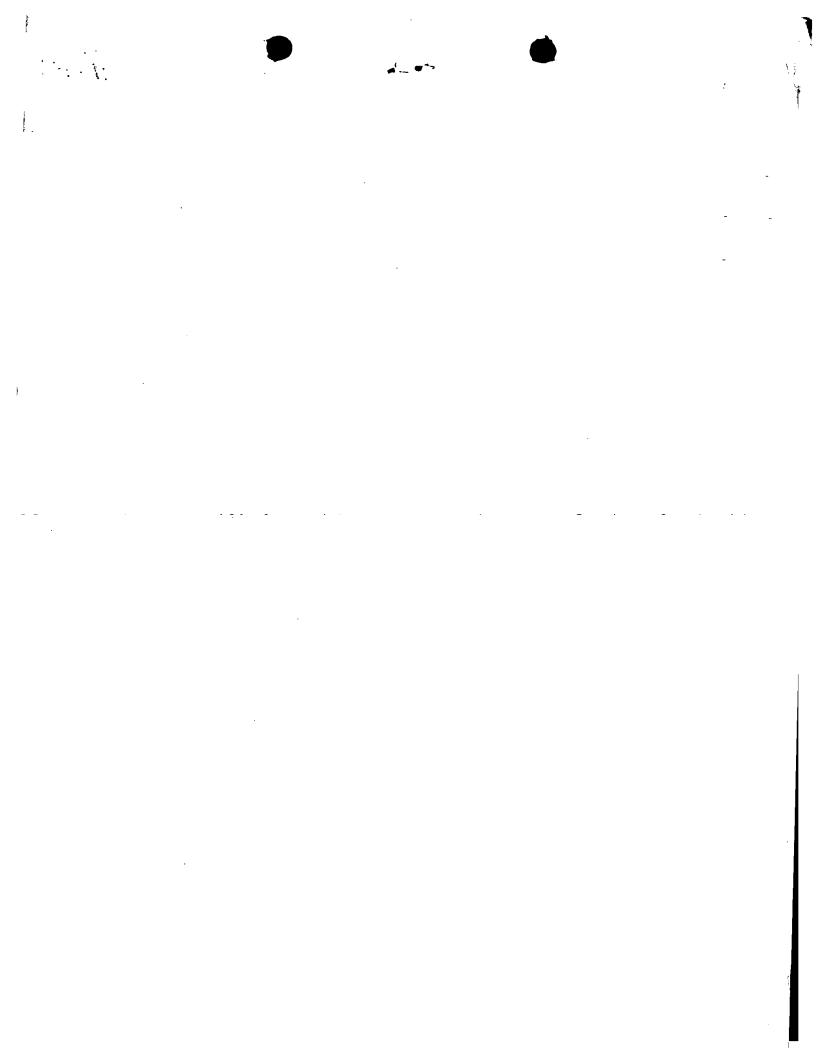
Respectfully submitted,

ANTONELLI, TERRY, STOUT & KRAUS, LLP

Robert M. Bauer

Registration No. 34,487

RMB/amr Attachment (703) 312-6600









CERTIFIED COPY OF PRIORITY DOCUMENT

The Patent Office Concept House Cardiff Road Newport South Wales NP10 8QQ

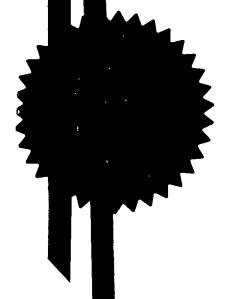


I, the undersigned, being an officer duly authorised in accordance with Section 74(1) and (4) of the Deregulation & Contracting Out Act 1994, to sign and issue certificates on behalf of the Comptroller-General, hereby certify that annexed hereto is a true copy of the documents as originally filed in connection with the patent application identified therein.

In accordance with the Patents (Companies Re-registration) Rules 1982, if a company named in this certificate and any accompanying documents has re-registered under the Companies Act 1980 with the same name as that with which it was registered immediately before re-registration save for the substitution as, or inclusion as, the last part of the name of the words "public limited company" or their equivalents in Welsh, references to the name of the company in this certificate and any accompanying documents shall be treated as references to the name with which it is so re-registered.

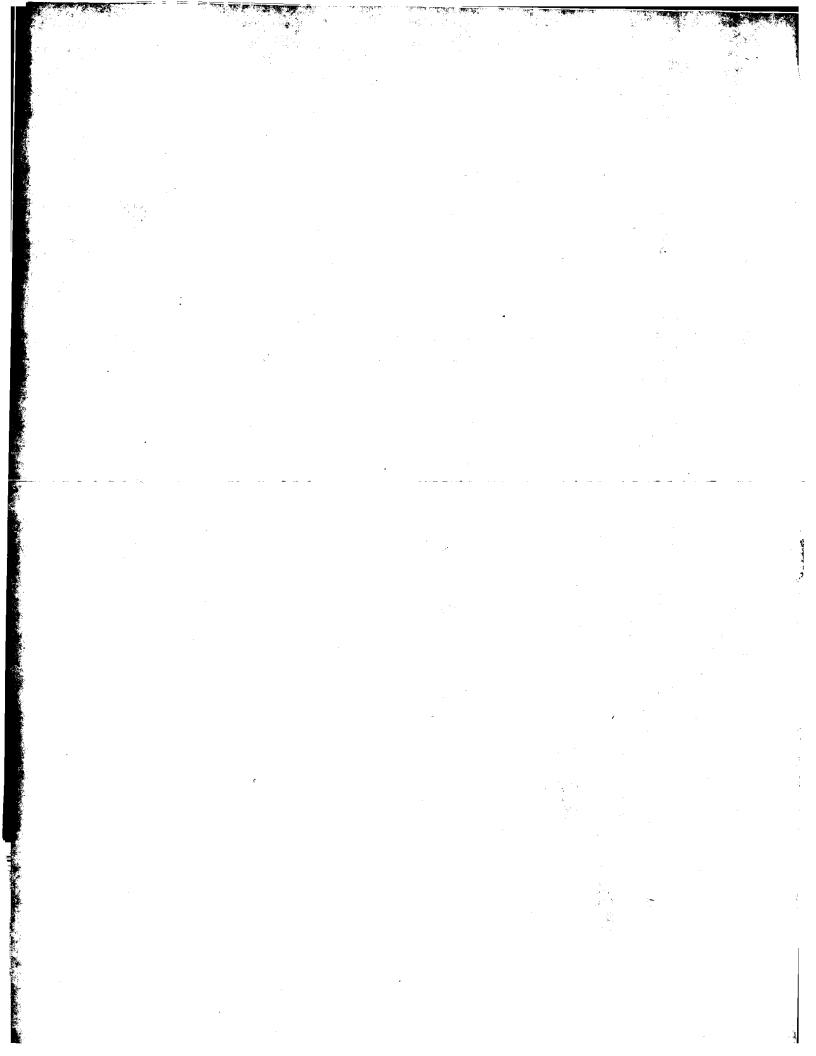
In accordance with the rules, the words "public limited company" may be replaced by p.l.c., plc, P.L.C. or PLC.

Re-registration under the Companies Act does not constitute a new legal entity but merely subjects the company to certain additional company law rules.



Signed M CLLie

Dated 13 June 2001



30-06-00 --16:05 01252 86 5077 P.02 R-565 Job-589 '00 18:05 FAX 01252 86 507 NOKIA ASHWOOD HOUSE **2**002 (Rule 16) 3 0 JUN 2000 Request for grant of a patenty FAX The Patent Office Cardiff Road explanatory leader from the Patent Office to help you fill in Newport this form) Gwent NP9 1RH Your reference PAT 00015 GB 30 JUNOO E549325-1 D02716 P01/7700 0.00-0016066.3 Patent application number 0016066.3 **30 JUN 2000** (The Patent Office will fill in this part) Pull name, address and postcode of the or of NAKIA MOBILE PHONES LIMITED each applicant (undertose all surnames) 02150 ESPOO FINLAND Patents ADP number (If you know it) 711995004 If the applicant is a corporate body, give the FINLAND country/state of its incorporation Title of the invention IMPROVED DATA INPUT Name of your agent (if you bave one) NOKIA IPR DEPARTMENT "Address for service" in the United Kingdom **NOKIA HOUSE** to which all correspondence should be sent SUMMIT AVENUE (including the postcode) FARNBOROUGH HAMPSHIRE GU140NG UK Patents ADP number (if you know ti) 7577638001 6. If you are declaring priority from one or more Date of Filing Country Priority application number (day / month / year) earlier patent applications, give the country (if you know ii) and the date of filing of the or of each of these. earlier applications and (4 you know a) the or each application number If this application is divided or otherwise Date of filing Number of earlier application derived from an earlier UK application, (day / montb / year) give the number and the filing date of the earlier application

YES

 Is a statement of inventorship and of right to grant of a patent required in support of

c) any named applicant is a corporate body.

any applicant named in part 3 is not an inventor, or
 there is an inventor who is not named as an

this request? (Answer Yes' g:

applicant, or

See note (d))

Patents Form 1/77

P.03

R-565

Jcb-589

Fatents Form 1477

NOKIA ASHWOOD HOUSE

Ø 003

Do not count copies of the same document

following items you are filing with this form.

Enter the number of sheets for any of the

Continuation sheets of this form

Description

Claim(s)

11 /

Abstract

Drawing(s)

6 / 1

10. If you are also filing any of the following, state how many against each item.

Priority documents

Translations of priority documents

Statement of inventorship and right to grant of a patent (Palenis Form 7/77)

Request for preliminary examination and search (Patents Form 9/77)

1

Request for substantive examination (Patents Form 10/77)

> Any other documents (please specify)

11.

I/We request the grant of a patent on the basis of this application.

Signature? KENDRA JEFFERY

12. Name and daytime telephone number of person to contact in the United Kingdom

Adam Franks

Warning

After an application for a patent bas been filed, the Comptroller of the Patent Office will consider whether publication or communication of the invention should be probibited or restricted under Section 22 of the Patents Act 1977. You will be informed if it is necessary to probibit or restrict your invention in this way. Furthermore, if you live in the United Kingdom, Section 23 of the Patents Act 1977 stops you from applying for a patent abroad without first getting written permission from the Patent Office unless an application has been filed at least 6 weeks beforehand in the United Kingdom for a patent for the same invention and either no direction probibiting publication or communication has been given, or any such direction has been revoked.

Notes

- a) If you need belp to fill in this form or you have any questions, please contact the Patent Office on 0645 500505.
- b) Write your answers in capital letters using black ink or you may type them.
- If there is not enough space for all the relevant details on any part of this form, please continue on a separate sheet of paper and write "see continuation sheet" in the relevant part(s). Any continuation sheet should be attached to this form.
- d) If you have answered Yes' Patents Form 7/77 will need to be filed.
- e) Once you bave filled in the form you must remember to sign and date it.
- For details of the fee and ways to pay please contact the Patent Office.

10

15

20

25

30/06 00 16:06 FAX 01252 86 507

€.



Job-589

PAT 00015 GB

IMPROVED DATA INPUT

The present invention relates to the field of portable radiotelephones, and more particularly, for inputting data into such devices.

NOKIA ASHWOOD HOUSE

Current portable radiotelephones provide a host of features in addition to that of making and receiving telephone calls. Such additional features include the storing and retrieving of telephone numbers and names from an internal phone book, to the sending of textual messages to other users.

Current portable radiotelephones generally comprise at a least a numeric keypad, for composing telephone numbers, and a number of additional function keys, for initiating communications to a desired telephone number, turning the radiotelephone on and off etc. It is also common for the numeric keypad to also contain alphabetic representations, for allowing the construction of textual messages. Typically, each numeric key represents three alphabetic characters, for example, the numeric key '2' often also represents characters 'A', 'B' and 'C'. During the construction of a textual message, each press of a numeric key causes a display to cycle through each character represented by that key. For example, a first press of numeric key '2' would cause the character 'A' to be displayed, a second press would cause the character 'B' to be displayed and so on. When the desired character is displayed, a further character may be entered either after a short delay, or by pressing another key. In this way textual messages may be constructed. A textual message may then be transmitted to another user in a variety of ways which will be apparent to those skilled in the art.

20

25

R-565

2

NOKIA ASHWOOD HOUSE

One problem with the above method is that the construction of textual messages is somewhat arduous since each key may require multiple presses in order to select the required character.

5 In order to overcome this problem, some radiotelephones now comprise typewriter style keyboards. Whilst allowing the easier entry of text, such keyboards are large and cumbersome. Radiotelephones incorporating such keyboards are thus also large. Reducing the size of such a keyboard, however, makes it increasingly difficult to select the required key, since the keys of the keyboard become smaller than the size of a finger tip, and results 10 in an increased chance of the wrong key being pressed.

Accordingly, one aim of the present invention is to provide improved data input means for use with a portable radiotelephone.

According to a first aspect of the present invention, there is provided an apparatus for selecting an item from a predetermined set of items, the apparatus comprising: a user interface comprising an input having a plurality of actuators, and an output; control means for controlling the user interface to provide a first menu selection comprising a plurality of items not exceeding the number of actuators; and selection means responsive to operation of the actuators for selecting the item from the menu associated with the operated actuator; wherein the control means controls the user interface to provide a further menu selection in response to selection of an item, at least one item of the further menu selection representing a subset of the selected item.

This has the advantage of allowing easy menu selection with a restricted number of actuators.

10

15

20

25

30

Job-589

3

The items may, for example, include menu options or functions. Alternatively, they may include a character set.

When the items are characters, the invention has the advantage of allowing easy entry of alphanumeric data into a portable radiotelephone without requiring a large keyboard. Additionally, the requirement for multiple presses of numeric keys associated with alphabetic characters is also removed. The present invention is particularly advantageous for portable radiotelephones or similar devices which do not have a keyboard due to their small size. In addition, the present invention provides a quick, accurate and efficient way of entering data in a single-handed operation.

The present invention also has advantages over pen-entry systems, such as character recognition systems, wherein a pen-like element is wiped over a touch sensitive pad and a controller attempts to interpret the movements made in order to recognise the character being written. These systems are inherently slow and difficult to use and require the user to make precise movements to ensure the correct character is recognised. Failure to make precise movements often leads to the recognition of an erroneous character. In such systems, the pen-like element is easily lost, rendering data input extremely difficult.

Advantageously, the number of selectable choices presented to the user is limited to the number of actuators of the input device. By limiting the number of selectable choices in this way, the device allows any selectable choice to be made with minimum user input.

The present invention may also be implemented to allow full or partial control of a portable radiotelephone, thereby eliminating the need for a data input keypad.

10

15

4

NOKIA ASHWOOD HOUSE

According to another aspect of the present invention, there is provided a method for controlling a user interface to select an item from a predetermined set of items, the user interface comprising an input having a plurality of actuators, and an output; the method comprising: controlling the user interface to provide a first menu selection comprising a plurality of items not exceeding the number of actuators; in response to operation of the actuators, selecting the item from the menu associated with the operated actuator; controlling the user interface to provide a further menu selection in response to selection of an item, at least one item of the further menu selection representing a subset of the selected item.

The present invention will now be described, by way of example only, with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

Figure 1 is a diagram showing a representation of the directional input controls of a joystick input device;

Figure 2 is a diagram showing a typical character set for use with a portable radiotelephone;

Figure 3 is a diagram showing an arrangement of menu items and submenus according to one embodiment of the present invention;

20 Figure 4 is a diagram showing a further arrangement of menu items and submenus according to a further embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 5 is a block diagram showing a portable radiotelephone according to the present invention;

Figure 6 is a flow diagram showing an example of how the controller of Figure 5 operates according to one embodiment of the present invention; and Figure 7 shows a number of portable radiotelephones incorporating the present invention.

Figure 1 is a diagram showing a representation of the directional input controls of a joystick device having nine defined positions 100 to 108. The

30/06 '00 16:07 FAX 01252 86 507

Job-589

5

NOKIA ASHWOOD HOUSE

joystick device shown allows 8 directional control signals to be generated, depending on the position of the joystick device. Additionally, the joystick device acquires a neutral position 108, when no force is applied thereto. The joystick device as shown may be implemented using a switch array, which allows directional control signals to be generated dependent on the direction in which the joystick device is moved. Those skilled in the art will appreciate that many configurations of joystick device may be used in lieu of that described above. For instance, an analogue joystick device which uses one or more potentiometers to derive a x and y-axis displacement may also be used, with suitable control circuitry. It will also be apparent that a joystick device having more or less defined positions, including a mouse or track-wheel, will also be suitable without detracting from the inventive concepts of the present invention. Further, an arrangement of cursor keys capable of generating suitable directional control signals will also be suitable.

15

10

5

Figure 2 is a diagram showing a typical character set for use with a portable radiotelephone using the English language. Characters X_1 to X_{11} represent special characters which can be used, for example, for foreign or accented characters, mathematical symbols, etc.

20

25

Figure 3 is a diagram showing an arrangement of menu items and submenus according to one embodiment of the present invention. Figure 3a shows a first menu screen which is presented to a user when alphanumeric entry is required by a portable radiotelephone, such as when composing a textual message to be sent to another user. The menu screen is presented, on a display device such as an LCD screen, as a matrix of blocks 301 to 309, the arrangement of which matches the defined positions of the joystick device of Figure 1. In an alternative embodiment, the matrix is replaced by a series of segments arranged to coincide with positions of the input device. It will be

10

15

20

25

30

Job-589

NOKIA ASHWOOD HOUSE

6

appreciated that the block or segment positions do not have to match the defined positions of the joystick device.

Each of the blocks 301 to 308 represents a sub-set of the character set shown in Figure 2. For example, block 308 represents the characters A to G, block 306 represents the characters H to N etc. A user may select any one of the blocks 301 to 308 using the joystick device. As the joystick device is pushed, the block which corresponds to the direction in which the joystick device was pushed is highlighted. For example if the user wants to choose the character 'D' for inclusion in a text message, the joystick device is pushed upwards and block 308 is highlighted. Highlighting may take the form of inverting the pixels representing that block, displaying a border around the block, or such like. As the joystick device is moved around, a block is highlighted according to the position of the joystick device. When the desired block is highlighted, the user can select the highlighted block.

In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the selection of a desired block is achieved by maintaining the joystick device in the position corresponding to the desired block for a given time period. For example, to select the block 308, the user first of all pushes the joystick device upwards, which highlights the block 308. By maintaining the pressure on the joystick device in the same direction for, for example, 0.5 seconds, the highlighted block in selected. The time period required before selection takes place is dependent on user preferences. For example, an experienced user may wish the time period to be decreased, thereby increasing the speed at which data can be input. Alternatively, a novice user may wish the time period to be increased. Preferably, the time period is user selectable, with a default setting of around 0.5 to 1.5 seconds. In another embodiment of the present invention, the user selects a block, after first highlighting the block, by allowing the joystick device to return to its neutral position 108. If the joystick device is left

10

15

20

25

30

Job-589

(·

7

in the neutral position for a short period of time, the currently highlighted block is selected. Alternatively, the user may press a selection button to select the current highlighted block. The selection button may or may not form part of the joystick device, or may be activated by pushing downwards on the joystick device axis.

Once a block is selected, the first menu screen is replaced by a submenu screen. The contents of the submenu screen are dependent on the previous block selected. If, in the above example, the block 308 was selected, the subscreen 2 as shown in Figure 3c will be presented to the user. Each of the blocks of submenu screen 2 represent individual characters. To select a character, the joystick device is moved in the direction of the required character to highlight the appropriate block. Once the required block is highlighted, it may be selected as described above. Once selected, the chosen character can be added to a text message, to enable a textual message to be constructed. The selection of lower-case characters may be implemented by a separate 'shift' key, or they may be represented as individual characters as described above. In an alternative embodiment, the portable radiotelephone displays the first character selected in upper case, and subsequent characters in lower case until a full stop is selected, in which case the next character selected would be displayed in upper case and so on.

Figures 3b to 3i show examples of a number of submenu screens which may be used according to the present invention. Using the selection methods outlined above, it is clear how any character from the character set shown in Figure 2 can be selected using only two joystick movements. This provides both a quick and an accurate way of inputting alphanumeric characters to a device such as a portable radiotelephone. Through practice, a user may quickly become adept in selecting the desired characters through appropriate joystick movements, much in the way that writing is learned. In particular, this

R-565

8

NOKIA ASHWOOD HOUSE

method of data entry is particularly advantageous in portable radiotelephones which do not have a keypad, for example on very small or wearable devices, where the size of an incorporated keypad would be too small to operate using the fingers.

5

10

15

20

Each of submenu screens shown in Figure 3 preferably include at least one blank block. Figure 3b, for example, shows the presence of a blank block in the upper left corner. The position of the blank block corresponds to the position which was required to select that submenu screen in the main menu screen. For example, if block 307 of Figure 3a was selected, the top left block in the associated submenu screen will be blank. Correspondingly, if block 308 of Figure 3a was selected, the corresponding block in the associated submenu screen will be blank. This arrangement helps prevent the accidental selection of characters caused by holding the joystick for too long in a given position.

It is, however, possible for every block in the matrix to be used. Additionally functionality may also be implemented, for example, the provision of a 'back' block, to allow the parent screen of any submenu screen to be presented to the user. This feature is particularly useful when a submenu screen is erroneously selected.

Figure 3 shows one possible arrangement of the characters in the submenu screens. In an alternative embodiment, improvements to the user interface may be achieved by specific grouping of the characters. For example, by grouping all vowels together in one submenu screen will allow vowels to be selected quickly. Additionally, characters may be grouped according to their distribution in a particular language. For example, the letters 'e, a, i, t,' etc may be grouped together as they occur frequently in the English language.

25

Ø013

30/06 '00 18:08 FAX 01252 86 507 NOKIA ASHWOOD HOUSE

9

It will be appreciated that the invention can also be implemented to control the entire functionality of a portable radiotelephone. Figure 4a shows an example of a menu screen wherein each block represents a menu item for controlling the functionality of a portable radiotelephone.

5

10

15

20

25

30

For example, if a user wishes to dial a subscriber number and initiate a call, the user would select the 'dial' menu in the manner described above. Selecting the 'dial' menu would cause the arrangement shown in Figure 4b to be presented to the user. Using the techniques described above, the user can quickly compose a subscriber number and, using the 'send' option, initiate a telephone call with the chosen subscriber.

It is apparent that the techniques described above can be used for a wide range of uses, from constructing textual messages, to controlling the entire or partial functionality of a portable radiotelephone. Such a system could be used to replace the need for a keypad on a portable radiotelephone, with all control and data input effected by the joystick device.

In yet a further embodiment of the present invention, a joystick lock facility is provided. This is to prevent unwanted selection of menus etc. through unintentional movement of the joystick device whilst stored in a pocket, handbag etc. A joystick lock menu is selected in the manner described above. Once locked, no further joystick inputs are accepted until the joystick device has highlighted a predetermined number of blocks, in a predetermined order, within a predetermined time period. Figure 4c shows one possible joystick lock screen, which is displayed once the joystick lock has been applied. In order to unlock the joystick, the joystick device must first highlight the block 410, followed by the block 411, the block 412 and finally the block 413. If a block is selected out of sequence, the sequence must be restarted. The blocks must be selected in the correct order, within a given time period in

10

15

20

25

R-565

NOKIA ASHWOOD HOUSE



10

order for the joystick lock to be removed. The time period should allow the average user adequate time to accurately select the required blocks, whilst not being excessively long so as to reduce the risk of unintentional selection. Such a sequence is preferably such that it is unlikely to be carried out through . unintentional movement of the joystick device, whilst in a pocket or handbag etc.

Figure 5 is a block diagram showing a portable radiotelephone 500 according to the present invention. A display device 501 is used for displaying or presenting textual or graphical information to a user. In an alternative embodiment of the present invention, the display device could be complemented by, or even replaced by, a speech synthesiser or other sensory means. The display device is connected to and controlled by a controller 502. The controller 502 accepts control signals from a joystick or other input device 503. The controller interprets the signals from the joystick device 503 which are made in response to information presented to the user on the display device 501. Optionally, a keypad 506 may also be connected to the controller 502. Such a keypad may be used for the inputting of further control signals, such as switching the portable radiotelephone on or off, or other typical functions found on such devices. A memory 504 is also connected to the controller 502. The memory 504 may be used to store, for example, textual messages constructed by the user, received messages from external users, user options, factory defaults etc. Finally, a telephone function module 505 is connected to the controller 502. The telephone function module 405 enables communication to be established with a telecommunications network, enabling calls to be made and received, textual or graphical messages to be sent or received, etc. The telephone function module 405 provides the typically functionality expected to found on a portable radiotelephone, as will be appreciated by those skilled in the art.

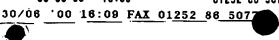
10

15

20

Jcb-588

NOKIA ASHWOOD HOUSE



11

Figure 6 is a flow diagram showing an example of how the controller 502 of Figure 5 operates according to one embodiment of the present invention.

Step 600 causes a menu screen to be presented to the user, via the display device 401. In step 601, the controller 402 interprets movements made on the joystick device 403 to control the highlighting of menu items, as described above. The controller 402 decides when a selection of a menu item has been made according to the methods outlined above. Step 602 checks to see whether the menu or item selected has any associated submenu screens associated therewith. If a submenu screen is associated with the menu item selected, step 603 causes that submenu screen to be displayed. The user is then free to select an item from the submenu screen according to step 601. If, however, there is no submenu screen associated with the item selected, step 604 causes the function represented by the selected menu item to be performed, or selects the data represented by that menu item. The process is then repeated.

Although the present invention is described above with reference to one level of subscreen, it will be apparent that any number or arrangement of submenu screens could be used, providing that the lowest level of subscreen allows selection of a single character, number or function etc. In this way, complex character sets, such as Chinese, can be quickly and easily be used.



<u>CLAIMS</u>

- 1. An apparatus for selecting an item from a predetermined set of items, the apparatus comprising:
- a user interface comprising an input having a plurality of actuators, and an output;

control means for controlling the user interface to provide a first menu selection comprising a plurality of items not exceeding the number of actuators; and

selection means responsive to operation of the actuators for selecting the item from the menu associated with the operated actuator;

wherein the control means controls the user interface to provide a further menu selection in response to selection of an item, at least one item of the further menu selection representing a subset of the selected item.

- 15
- 2. An apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein the input comprises key means.
- An apparatus as claimed in claim 2, wherein plurality of actuators of the
 key means are keys.
 - 4. An apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein the input comprises a multipositional device.
- 25 5. An apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein the input is a multipositional device.
 - 6. An apparatus as claimed in claim 4, wherein the multipositional device is a joystick.

15

20

25

R-565

Job-589

NOKIA ASHWOOD HOUSE

- An apparatus as claimed in any preceding claim, wherein the further **7**. menu selection comprises a plurality of items not exceeding the number of actuators.
- An apparatus as claimed in claim 7, wherein the further menu selection 5 8. comprises less items than the number of actuators.
 - 9. An apparatus as claimed in claim 8, wherein the control means controls the user interface such that the actuator operated has no item associated with it in the further menu selection.
 - An apparatus substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to, 10. and/or as illustrated in, any one or any combination of the accompanying drawings.
 - A method for controlling a user interface to select an item from a predetermined set of items, the user interface comprising an input having a plurality of actuators, and an output; the method comprising:
 - controlling the user interface to provide a first menu selection comprising a plurality of items not exceeding the number of actuators;
 - in response to operation of the actuators, selecting the item from the menu associated with the operated actuator,
 - controlling the user interface to provide a further menu selection in response to selection of an item, at least one item of the further menu selection representing a subset of the selected item.
 - 12. A method as claimed in claim 11, wherein the further menu selection comprises a plurality of items not exceeding the number of actuators.

- 13. A method as claimed in claim 12, wherein the further menu selection comprises less items than the number of actuators.
- 14. A method as claimed in claim 13, wherein controlling the user interface
 5 such that the actuator operated has no item associated with it in the further menu selection.
- 15. A method for controlling a user interface to select an item from a predetermined set of items, the user interface comprising an input having a
 10 plurality of actuators, and an output, the method substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to, and/or as illustrated in, any one or any combination of the accompanying drawings.

NOKIA ASHWOOD HOUSE

30/08 '00 16:10 FAX 01252 86 5077

15

ABSTRACT

IMPROVED DATA INPUT

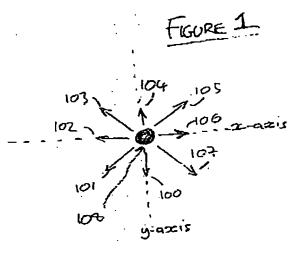
An apparatus is disclosed for selecting an item from a predetermined set of items. The apparatus comprises a user interface comprising an input having a plurality of actuators, and an output. It further comprises control means for controlling the user interface to provide a first menu selection comprising a plurality of items not exceeding the number of actuators, and selection means responsive to operation of the actuators for selecting the item from the menu associated with the operated actuator. The control means controls the user interface to provide a further menu selection in response to selection of an item, at least one item of the further menu selection representing a subset of the selected item.

15

[Figure 6]

OLESU MANALE TUMY CHAI





ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

0123456789

+-*/=

?.!&\$

 $X_1 \ X_2 \ X_3 \ X_4 \ X_5 \ X_6 \ X_7 \ X_8 \ X_9 \ X_{10} \ X_{11}$

FIGURE 2

OMEN ANALE BLANK WATO

Mainscreen 1

Sp2

FIGURE 3



Subscreen 1		
	2	3
0		+
1	-	4

Fig	30
-----	----

304

909

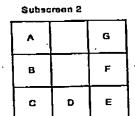
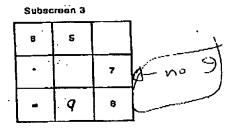


Fig 30



Subscreen 4		
н	ı	J
		К
N	м	L

FIGZE

Subscreen 5		
S	т	Ų
R.		
a	P	0

Fig 3F

Subscreen 6		
w	x	Ÿ
v		z
	7	

Sub	Subscreen 6		
w	×	· v	
٧		z	
	7		

Fig	2G

_	Subscreen 7 .		
	8.	X 1	X2
	\$. Х3
	ı		X4

Fig3#

Subac	reen B	
ΧĐ	χg	X10
Х7	·	X11
X8	X 5	

OLISH WWY IR JOYA SIM!

FIGGA

DiaL	CHOKE BOOK	MAK
News		TIMER
i-ante	Lock	CHACES
		•

FIGURE 4

F16 4B

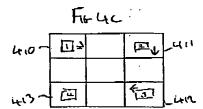
	0-6	#
CLEAR		CLEAR
SEND	STORE	END

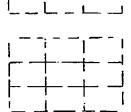
SEPPRUS	STORE	71 <i>0</i> 3
		Ocie
i	ì	

SEMD.	READ	Sparo

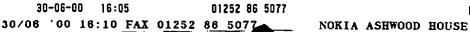
MMUNC	A JĪO	
	·	
	· .	

ı —:		; — ,
 	-	├
i!	·	<u> </u>
F	· -	Γ — i





GLEGIAN OF STATE OF S



JOYSTICK

503

KEYPAD

506

INPUT

P.23

R-565

Job-589 ❷023

4/6

500

DISPLAN DEVICE

SOZ SOS

CONTROLER TELEPHONE/
RF FUNCTIONS

MEMORY

SOZE

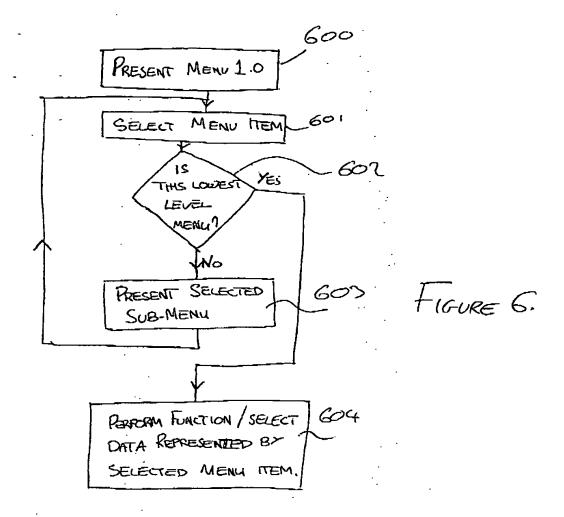
FIGURES

THIS PAGE BLANK (USPTO)

Job-589

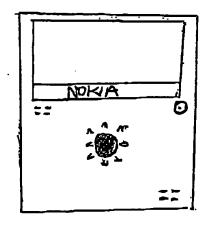
30/06 '00 16:10 FAX 01252 86 5077

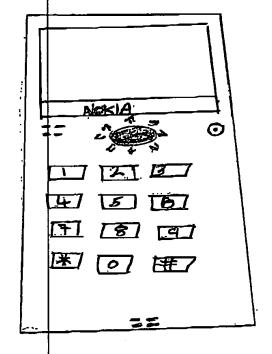
NOKIA ASHWOOD HOUSE



Inden Will Bridgill







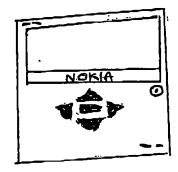


FIGURE 7

OLES ON WHAT WATER THAT STATE OF THE STATE O